organic compounds

Z = 4Mo *K* α radiation

 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^-$

 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.05~\text{mm}$

T = 294 K

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Racemic methyl 3,10-dioxa-2-azatricyclo[6.2.1.0^{2,6}]undecane-4-carboxylate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 294 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.155; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

The structure of the racemic title compound, $C_{10}H_{15}NO_4$, consists of a tricyclic skeleton comprising a six-membered piperidine ring and five-membered isoxazolidine and tetra-hydrofuran rings. The piperidine ring adopts a distorted chair conformation, while the isoxazolidine and tetrahydrofuran rings have envelope conformations.

Related literature

For related piperidine geometry, see: Parkin *et al.* (2004). For bicyclic polyhydroisoxazolopyridines, see: Banerji *et al.* (2006); Carmona *et al.* (2009). For literature related to cycloaddition reactions of cyclic nitrones, see: Ali & Wazeer (1988); Ali *et al.* (1988); Merino (2004); Chandrasekhar (2005); Moosa & Ali (2009, 2010). For the natural product SB-219383 and its inhibitory activity against tyrosyl tRNA sythetase, see: Houge-Frydrych *et al.* (2000); Stefanska *et al.* (2000).



 $M_{\rm r} = 213.23$

Experimental

Crystal data C₁₀H₁₅NO₄ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 11.213 (3) Å b = 7.1075 (18) Å c = 12.910 (3) Å $\beta = 91.546$ (5)° V = 1028.4 (4) Å³

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX area-	13498 measured reflections
detector diffractometer	2563 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1567 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.052$
$T_{\rm min} = 0.979, \ T_{\rm max} = 0.995$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.155$	independent and constrained
S = 1.03	refinement
2563 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
185 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: OM2422).

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supplementary materials

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Racemic methyl 3,10-dioxa-2-azatricyclo[6.2.1.0^{2,6}]undecane-4-carboxylate

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Comment

1,3-Dipolar cycloaddition reaction of cyclic nitrones with alkenes shows greater stereoselectivity and reactivity compared to their acyclic counterparts for applications in the synthesis of natural products (Merino, 2004; Moosa & Ali, 2009, 2010; Ali et al., 1988; Ali & Wazeer, 1988). Our interest in developing a synthetic methodology to construct the ring skeleton present in a natural product called SB-219383 (Houge-Frydrych et al., 2000), first member of a new class of compounds having inhibitory activity against tyrosyl tRNA sythetase (Stefanska et al., 2000), led to explore the synthesis and cycloaddition of the bicyclic nitrone 1-oxa-5,6-dehydro-6-aza-bicyclo[3,2,1]heptane 6-oxide with methyl acrylate. The structure of a recemic sample of the cycloadduct is reported here. It consists of a tricyclic skeleton corresponding to a *cis*-invertomer with the nitrogen lone pair in axial position. The two C—N bond lengths of the piperidine ring are N1—C9: 1.453 (2) Å and N1—C5: 1.473 (2) Å. The former bond is shorter presumably as a result of anomeric effect (Chandrasekhar, 2005), inducing a partial double bond character. The bond distances are consistent with those reported for piperidine (Parkin et al., 2004) and bicyclic polyhydroisoxazolopyridines (Banerji et al., 2006; Carmona et al., 2009). The piperidine ring adopts a distorted chair conformation likely due to the strain of the 5-membered rings. Angular constraints imposed by the five-membered tetrahydrofuran ring skeleton led to the squeezing of the C7—C8—C9 angle to 97.8 (2)°; the corresponding bond angle in piperidine, the parent six-membered heterocyclic, is 110.21 (7)°. The angles C5-N1-C9, N1-C5-C6 and C5-C6-C7 on the other end of the six-membered ring were expanded to 114.1 (2)°, 112.3 (2)° and 113.7 (2)°, respectively, while the corresponding angles in piperidine are 111.04 (7)°, 109.84 (7)° and 110.70 (7)° (Parkin et al., 2004). The destabilizing diaxial interactions among the three axially oriented substituents in the piperidine ring is somewhat relieved by moving outward from their ideal axial positions. This leads to a flattening of the chair at N1, C5 and C6. The isoxazolidine ring adopts an envelope conformation with N1, O3, C3 and C4 essentially in the plane while C5 is 0.482 (3) Å out of the plane. The dihedral angle between the previous plane and the plane N1—C5—C4 is 31.9 (2)°. The tetrahydrofuran ring has also an envelope conformation with C8 at 0.733 (3) Å out of the plane C9-O4-C10-C7 which has a dihedral angle of 47.0 (2)° with the plane C7–C8–C9.

Experimental

To a stirred solution of *N*-hydroxy-4-piperidinemethanol (0.39 g, 3.0 mmol) in chloroform (20 ml) was added mercuric oxide (0.65 g, 12 mmol) and anhydrous magnesium sulfate (150 mg) in 10 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 6 h. The mixture was filtered over a bed of magnesium sulfate to obtain a solution of the bicyclic nitrone 1-oxa-5,6-dehydro-6-aza-bicyclo[3,2,1]heptane 6-oxide which was used without isolation. The solution of the nitrone and methyl acrylate (2 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. After removal of the solvent and excess methyl acrylate, the reaction mixture was concentrated and the residual liquid was chromatographed over silica using 9:1 ether/methanol mixture as an eluant to give the cycloadduct as a solid (0.28 g, 44%). Colorless blocks were obtained after crystallization at 0°C from ether/CH₂Cl₂ (9/1) mixture.

Refinement

Methyl H atoms were included as a rigid group and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.96 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$. All other H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

methyl 3,10-dioxa-2-azatricyclo[6.2.1.0^{2,6}]undecane-4-carboxylate

Crystal data

C ₁₀ H ₁₅ NO ₄	F(000) = 456
$M_r = 213.23$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.377 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 13498 reflections
<i>a</i> = 11.213 (3) Å	$\theta = 1.8 - 28.4^{\circ}$
b = 7.1075 (18) Å	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 12.910 (3) Å	T = 294 K
$\beta = 91.546 (5)^{\circ}$	Block, colourless
$V = 1028.4 (4) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.20\times0.10\times0.05~mm$
Z = 4	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX area-detector diffractometer	2563 independent reflections
Radiation source: normal-focus sealed tube	1567 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.052$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.979, T_{\max} = 0.995$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
13498 measured reflections	$l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$wR(F^2) = 0.155$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
<i>S</i> = 1.03	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0701P)^2 + 0.2128P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2563 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.002$
185 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \ e \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional	atomic	coordinates	and i	sotron	ic or ea	nuivalent	isotron	oic dis	nlacement	narameters ((Å ²	4
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	x	У	Z	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
N1	0.14231 (14)	0.9997 (2)	0.39231 (12)	0.0433 (4)
01	0.43183 (15)	0.7626 (3)	0.60910 (14)	0.0821 (6)
02	0.24093 (17)	0.6880 (3)	0.59172 (15)	0.0838 (6)
03	0.23751 (14)	0.86158 (19)	0.40074 (11)	0.0559 (4)
O4	0.26276 (13)	1.22561 (19)	0.29897 (11)	0.0516 (4)
C1	0.4428 (3)	0.6375 (5)	0.6972 (2)	0.0950 (11)
H1A	0.3834	0.6687	0.7465	0.142*
H1B	0.5207	0.6507	0.7290	0.142*
H1C	0.4316	0.5099	0.6745	0.142*
C2	0.3263 (2)	0.7726 (3)	0.56322 (17)	0.0514 (5)
C3	0.3243 (2)	0.9186 (3)	0.47749 (16)	0.0484 (5)
C4	0.2854 (2)	1.1087 (3)	0.51816 (18)	0.0508 (5)
C5	0.15285 (19)	1.1108 (3)	0.48841 (15)	0.0458 (5)
C6	0.0935 (2)	1.3043 (3)	0.47755 (17)	0.0515 (5)
C7	0.1024 (2)	1.3900 (3)	0.36965 (17)	0.0535 (6)
C8	0.0548 (2)	1.2468 (3)	0.29092 (19)	0.0542 (6)
C9	0.15798 (18)	1.1088 (3)	0.29848 (15)	0.0441 (5)
C10	0.2287 (2)	1.4113 (3)	0.3337 (2)	0.0565 (6)
H4	0.400 (2)	0.929 (3)	0.4479 (16)	0.056 (6)*
Н5	0.3284 (19)	1.202 (3)	0.4850 (17)	0.050 (6)*
Н6	0.301 (2)	1.116 (3)	0.590 (2)	0.069 (7)*
H7	0.1119 (18)	1.042 (3)	0.5399 (16)	0.049 (6)*
H8	0.011 (2)	1.290 (3)	0.4920 (18)	0.053 (6)*
Н9	0.1310 (19)	1.383 (3)	0.5271 (17)	0.051 (6)*
H10	0.061 (2)	1.508 (4)	0.3653 (17)	0.061 (6)*

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H11	-0.020 (2)	1.189 (3)	0.3108 (17)	0.060 (7)*
H12	0.050 (2)	1.304 (4)	0.220 (2)	0.073 (7)*
H13	0.1645 (16)	1.018 (3)	0.2423 (15)	0.041 (5)*
H14	0.235 (2)	1.501 (4)	0.2774 (19)	0.072 (7)*
H15	0.284 (2)	1.451 (3)	0.3903 (18)	0.056 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0489 (10)	0.0403 (9)	0.0410 (9)	-0.0017 (7)	0.0035 (7)	-0.0061 (7)
01	0.0499 (10)	0.1099 (15)	0.0864 (13)	-0.0060 (9)	-0.0012 (9)	0.0487 (11)
O2	0.0686 (12)	0.0947 (14)	0.0873 (13)	-0.0279 (11)	-0.0100 (10)	0.0354 (11)
O3	0.0732 (11)	0.0427 (8)	0.0513 (9)	0.0081 (7)	-0.0086 (7)	-0.0092 (7)
O4	0.0545 (9)	0.0480 (8)	0.0532 (9)	-0.0020(7)	0.0173 (7)	-0.0050 (7)
C1	0.0693 (18)	0.124 (3)	0.091 (2)	0.0066 (17)	-0.0051 (15)	0.058 (2)
C2	0.0501 (13)	0.0510 (12)	0.0534 (13)	-0.0031 (10)	0.0046 (10)	0.0037 (10)
C3	0.0473 (12)	0.0519 (12)	0.0462 (12)	-0.0021 (10)	0.0027 (9)	0.0016 (9)
C4	0.0619 (14)	0.0484 (12)	0.0420 (12)	-0.0078 (11)	-0.0028 (10)	-0.0022 (10)
C5	0.0555 (13)	0.0459 (11)	0.0363 (10)	-0.0072 (9)	0.0093 (9)	-0.0032 (9)
C6	0.0563 (14)	0.0519 (12)	0.0470 (12)	0.0013 (11)	0.0122 (10)	-0.0102 (10)
C7	0.0668 (15)	0.0436 (11)	0.0505 (12)	0.0114 (11)	0.0099 (10)	-0.0018 (10)
C8	0.0569 (14)	0.0598 (14)	0.0460 (13)	0.0079 (11)	0.0021 (11)	-0.0017 (10)
C9	0.0495 (12)	0.0448 (11)	0.0382 (11)	0.0015 (9)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0069 (9)
C10	0.0726 (16)	0.0437 (12)	0.0539 (14)	-0.0049 (11)	0.0158 (12)	0.0010 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—O3	1.452 (2)	C4—H5	0.93 (2)
N1—C9	1.453 (2)	С4—Н6	0.94 (3)
N1—C5	1.473 (2)	C5—C6	1.532 (3)
O1—C2	1.311 (3)	С5—Н7	0.95 (2)
O1—C1	1.446 (3)	C6—C7	1.526 (3)
O2—C2	1.197 (3)	С6—Н8	0.95 (2)
O3—C3	1.429 (3)	С6—Н9	0.94 (2)
O4—C9	1.439 (2)	C7—C10	1.509 (3)
O4—C10	1.449 (3)	C7—C8	1.525 (3)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C7—H10	0.96 (2)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C8—C9	1.518 (3)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C8—H11	0.98 (2)
C2—C3	1.517 (3)	C8—H12	1.01 (3)
C3—C4	1.518 (3)	С9—Н13	0.976 (19)
C3—H4	0.95 (2)	C10—H14	0.97 (3)
C4—C5	1.525 (3)	C10—H15	0.99 (2)
O3—N1—C9	108.55 (14)	С6—С5—Н7	107.9 (12)
O3—N1—C5	104.91 (14)	C7—C6—C5	113.74 (17)
C9—N1—C5	114.04 (16)	С7—С6—Н8	107.9 (14)
C2—O1—C1	116.43 (19)	С5—С6—Н8	108.0 (13)
C3—O3—N1	110.24 (14)	С7—С6—Н9	110.1 (13)

60 04 610	107 7((15)	05 06 110	10(0(12)
C9—04—C10	107.76(15)	С5—С6—Н9	106.8 (13)
O1—C1—H1A	109.5	Н8—С6—Н9	110.3 (19)
O1—C1—H1B	109.5	C10—C7—C8	100.20 (18)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C10—C7—C6	113.9 (2)
O1—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C7—C6	108.17 (19)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	С10—С7—Н10	110.8 (13)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C8—C7—H10	112.4 (14)
O2—C2—O1	123.6 (2)	С6—С7—Н10	110.9 (13)
O2—C2—C3	124.9 (2)	C9—C8—C7	97.78 (18)
O1—C2—C3	111.22 (19)	C9—C8—H11	111.8 (14)
O3—C3—C2	107.94 (18)	С7—С8—Н11	113.3 (13)
O3—C3—C4	107.17 (17)	С9—С8—Н12	110.2 (14)
C2—C3—C4	110.81 (18)	C7—C8—H12	110.5 (15)
O3—C3—H4	110.3 (13)	H11—C8—H12	112 (2)
С2—С3—Н4	110.7 (13)	O4—C9—N1	114.92 (16)
С4—С3—Н4	109.9 (13)	O4—C9—C8	104.39 (17)
C3—C4—C5	102.07 (17)	N1—C9—C8	106.81 (17)
C3—C4—H5	108.5 (13)	O4—C9—H13	108.0 (11)
С5—С4—Н5	113.0 (13)	N1—C9—H13	106.1 (11)
С3—С4—Н6	110.0 (15)	С8—С9—Н13	117.0 (11)
С5—С4—Н6	113.8 (15)	O4—C10—C7	105.13 (18)
H5—C4—H6	109 (2)	O4-C10-H14	110.0 (15)
N1—C5—C4	105.22 (16)	C7—C10—H14	112.6 (15)
N1—C5—C6	112.30 (17)	O4—C10—H15	108.9 (13)
C4—C5—C6	116.70 (19)	C7—C10—H15	112.1 (13)
N1—C5—H7	106.4 (12)	H14—C10—H15	108 (2)
С4—С5—Н7	107.7 (13)		



